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| Causes | Effects |
| * Large Empires all over the world were caused to collapse in areas of high population. * Mongol Empire united area between Europe and Asia. * Caliphate of Islam began to trade with Africa and require new resources from states there. * New technologies from Asia reached Europe such as the Iron plow. * Divisions between European states’ ideals. * Europe did not develop into a common central power. | * In areas where these empires collapsed new imperially centralized units or decentralized feudal states rose from the rubble. * Caused better facilitated trade between Europe and Asia by way of Mongol united silk roads, * African states adopted Islam to facilitate trade with Caliphate and other Islamic states. * These technologies became commonplace in agriculture and caused a population growth. * A split in the church into Eastern and Western Conferences. * European influence was not widespread during this period. |